Japan Aviation Electronics Industry, Ltd. Connector Division	No.	No. JAHL-1594-E		Pa	ge 1/13		
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Title: Handling Manual for MX19 series connector	1	15, Feb.,00	-	J. Miyamoto	M. Shinn	nyo	T. Totani
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REFERENCE ONLY

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<u>1. Purpose</u>

This document provides the handling on MX19 series connectors.

2. Applicable items 🖄 🏦

2.1 Housing

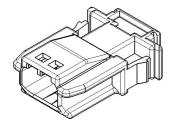
<u>Table2-1 MX19 Connector Housing</u>						
Terminals No.	Туре	Product Name	Color			
	Pin Housing	MX19002P51	Black			
2	1 III Housing	MX19002P52	Gray			
(Fig.2-1)	Socket Housing	MX19002S51	Black			
	Socket Housing	MX19002S52	Gray			
	Pin Housing		Black			
4	1 III Housing	MX19004P52	Gray			
(Fig.2-2)	Socket Housing	MX19004S51	Black			
	Socket Housing	MX19004S52	Gray			

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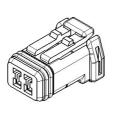
2.2 Contacts and Dummy plug

Table2-2 MX19 Contacts and Dummy plug

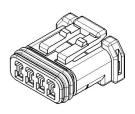
Туре	Product Name	NOTE		
Pin contact	MX19P10K451	Sn platting	Fig.2-3	
Socket contact	MX19S10K451	Sn platting	Fig.2-4	
Dummy plug	MX19000XD1	Color: Natural White	FIg.2-5	



MX19002P5*



MX19002S5*



MX19004P5*

 $MX19004S5^{\star}$

Fig.2-2 MX19 4-terminals type.

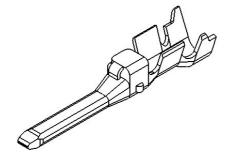


Fig.2-1 MX19 2-terminals type.

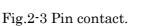


Fig.2-4 Socket contact.

Fig.2-5 Dummy plug.

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3. Crimping

JAE's applicator is described on the following table.

Table3-1 JAE Crimping Applicator					
Туре	Automatic Applicator	Semi-automatic Applicator			
Product Name 350-MX19-3B		350-MX19-2			

3.1 Applicable Wires

<u>Table3-2 Applicable Wire for MX19 connector</u>					
Applicable Wire Type	Conductor construction (No./Shape or size)	Calc. Conductor of cross-section [mm ²]	Wire Insulator [mm]		
CAVS0.3mm ²	7/ Round Compressed	0.3717	φ1.4 ~ 1.5		
CPTL 22	7/ Ø0.13	0.3717	ϕ 1.57 (Reference Information)		
$ m CAVS0.5~mm^2$	7/ Round Compressed	0.5630	$\phi 1.6 \sim 1.7$		
$ m AVSS0.5~mm^2$	7/ Ø0.13	0.5630	$\phi 1.6 \sim 1.7$		

3.2 Striping length of wire insulators

Check the stripping length of wire insulators(refer to Fig.3-2.) On the wire treatment, must check the damaged insulator, damaged, missing and/ or disordered conductor (refer to Fig. 3-1.)

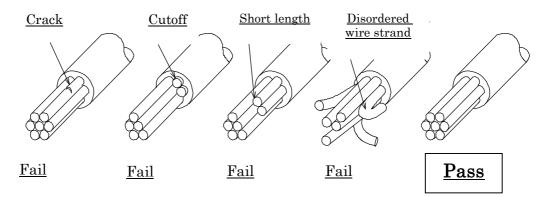


Fig. 3-1 Defective wire treatment for crimpling.

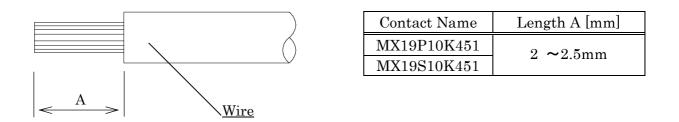


Fig. 3-2 Stripping length for MX19 contact crimping

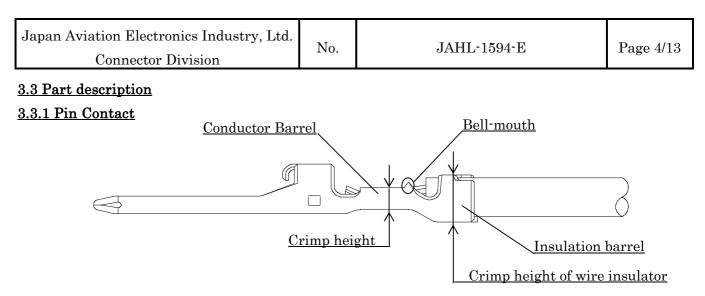


Fig.3-3 Part description of pin contact

3.3.2 Socket contact

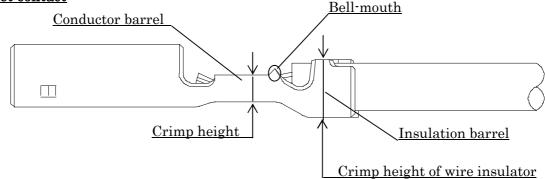


Fig.3-4 Part description of Socket contact

<u>3.4 Criteria for conformed crimping items</u> $\Delta \Delta$

"Properly crimped contact" is as follows:

- 1. Meet the crimp height shown in Table 3-3.
- 2. The "Bell-mouth" (no crimping on conductor) is attached.
- 3. The tip of conductor stick out 0.5mm(or less) from "Conductor Barrel."
- 4. All conductor of wire is within the "Conductor Barrel".
- 5. Any wire insulator is **NOT crimped** into "Conductor Barrel."
- 6. No cracks and/ or burrs etc. is in crimping area.

Wire Type	Crimp Height [mm]	Crimp wide (Ref.)[mm]	Crimp height of wire insulator [mm]			
CAVS0.3mm ²	0.73~0.83	$1.48 \sim 1.54$	1.6~1.7			
CPTL 22	0.73~0.83	$1.48 \sim 1.54$	1.7~1.9			
CAVS0.5 mm ²	$0.75 \sim 0.85$	$1.52 \sim 1.58$	1.7~1.9			
$AVSS0.5 \text{ mm}^2$	$0.75 \sim 0.85$	$1.52 \sim 1.58$	1.7~1.9			

Table3-3 Appropriate Crimp Height

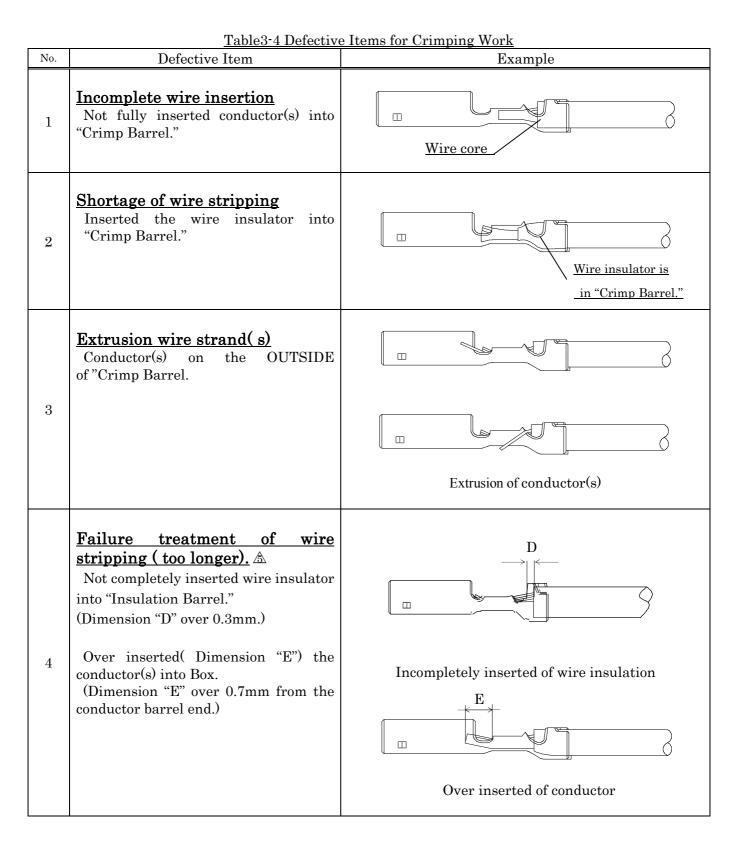
NOTE 1: Crimp height dimension is fabricated by JAE's applicator.

NOTE 2: Crimp width/ height and crimp height of wire insulators are reference values only.

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3.4 Criteria for judgment on non-conforming items

If a crimped MX19 contact has any following defective item, the crimping work is failure. DON'T use the failure crimping contact.



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		ctive Items for Crimping Work			
No.	Defective Item	Example			
5	<u>Inclined Insulator Barrel</u> The incline over 0.3mm at any side.				
6	Bended(On axis) The angle "P" over 3 degrees, between crimping parts axis.				
7	<u>Twisted</u> The angle of center of conductor barrel to insulator barrel center has over 2.5 degrees.	R			
8	Burr after cut off the carrier The burr after the cut off is over 0.2mm.	Burr			
9	<u>Without Bell-mouth</u> Failure of crimpling, "Bell-mouth" is not formed.	No "Bell-mouth"			
10	Deformed of Insulator Barrel The deformation has the gap between insulator barrel over 0.3mm.				

Table3-4 Defective Items for Crimping Work

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	Table 3-4 Defective Items for Crimping Work				
No.	Defective Item	Example			
11	Bend up/ down "Bend up(or down)" is based on the crimp barrel area.				
	Failure case is dimension Y1 (or Y2) is over C1(or C2). Y ₁ (or Y ₂): Pin contact's Bend up (or down)	a. Bend-up(Pin contact)			
	C1(or C2): Socket contact's Bend up(or down)	↑ b. Bend-down(Pin contact) Fig. Pin contact			
		o ↓ □ ↑ a. Bend-up(Socket contact)			
		b. Bend-down(Socket contact) Fig. Socket contact			
	End-face deformationIf you find a contact deformation $(H_{1,4})$ of following, as shown in rightfigures, never use such as a crimpedcontact.Check and adjust(or repair) acrimpling machine(or a device.)In the case of a deformation iswithin 0.15mm but havingdimensions $F_{1,4}$ over 0.05 on a side,the crimping work is failed.	Fin Contact			
12	$F_{1\sim4} > 0.05mm$ $H_{1\sim4} > 0.15mm$	Harris Ha			
		$ \leftarrow H_4$ Socket Contact Deformation of contact rear end			
		JAF Connector Div Proprietary			

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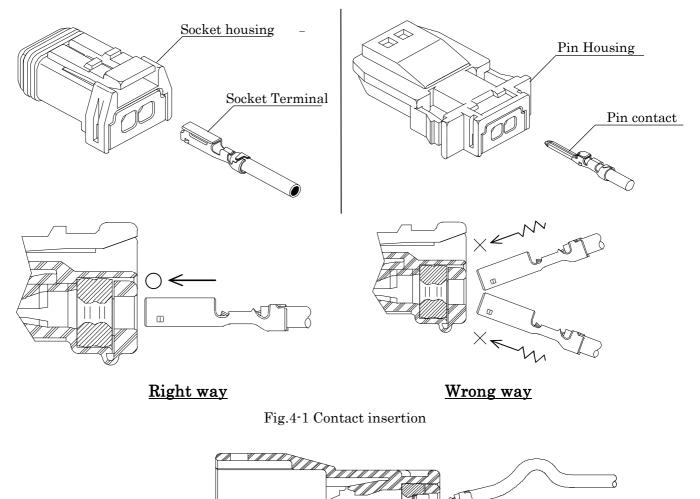
<u>4. Contact/ Dummy Plug Insertion</u>

4.1 Contact Insertion

1. Visual inspection, the connector has no breakage, deformation, discoloration, and/or damage etc.

No.

- 2. Aligned the axis and direction between a contact and a cavity.
- 3. Handling the wire of the near position of contact for not to be occurred bending.
- 4. Contact insertion is completely done until the terminal locking part sounded. (Check the terminal insertion by pulling the wire with little force.)
- NOTE: If the contact insertion is tight or incapable, DON'T force to insert, check the direction of contact. Tight(or incapable) insertion will cause a contact deformation, crack and/or disconnection.



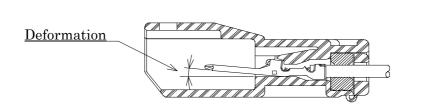


Fig.4-2 Example, contact deformation by wrong contact insertion.

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4.2 Dummy Plug Insertion

- 1. Check by visual inspection, the connector has no breakage, deformation, discoloration, and/or damage etc.
- 2. Aligned the axis between a dummy plug and a cavity.
- Inserting a dummy plug into cavity, insertion is the end-face of dummy-plug by connector's.
 Acceptance Criteria: Base on the housing end-face, Dummy plug's end-face is within 0 +0.5/-0.5mm.

NOTE: DON'T apply unnecessary force to on inserting dummy plug.

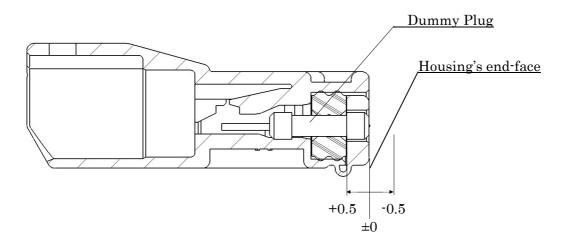
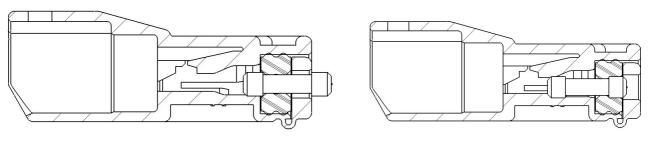


Fig.4-3 Dummy Plug insertion



a. Absence insertion

b. over insertion

Fig.4-4 Failure dummy plug insertion

<u>5. Contact withdraw</u>

- 1. Visual inspection, the connector has no breakage, deformation, discoloration, and/or damage etc.
- 2. Pushing lightly the wire with crimpling contact and keeping.

 \mathbb{A}

- 3. Inserting a "Withdrawing Tool" into a tool cavity, as following Fig.6-2 and Fig.6-3.
- 4. When the toe of withdrawing tool met the molding lance, release contact locking. And keeping.
- 5. Withdrawing the wire on straight axis.

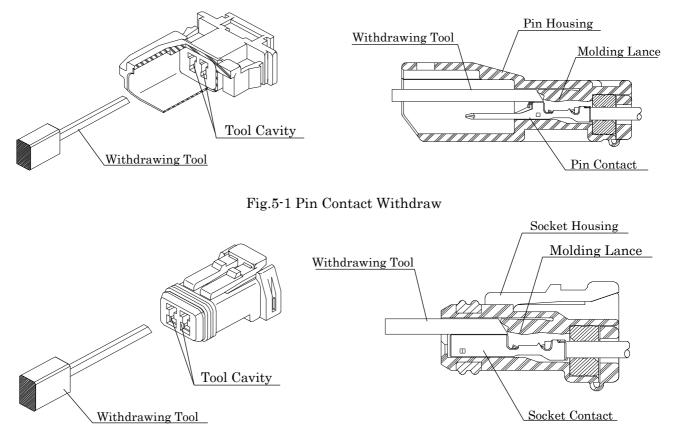
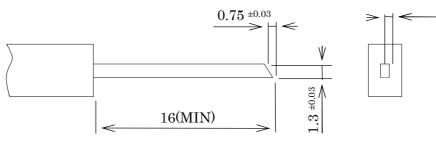


Fig.5-2 Socket Contact Withdraw

NOTE: Suitable dimension for withdrawing tool (JAE's withdrawing tool is "ET-MX19.")



NOTE: DON'T snag a contact on grommet by forcedly withdrawing.

NOTE: The limitation frequency for withdrawing at one cavity is 3 times. If you find any damage and

deformation, DON'T use it, change to the new one.

NOTE: DON'T apply unnecessary force on withdrawing.

NOTE: Withdrawing tool insertion is only a "tool cavity," never inserting the contact cavity.

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6. How to engage connector

<u>6.1 Engaging</u>

- 1. Check the contact insertion.
- 2. Check by visual inspection, the connector has no breakage, deformation, discoloration, and/or damage etc. in contacts and housing.
- 3. Aligned the direction with the engagement aperture.
- 4. Insert the connector into the housing until the lock parts sounded.

NOTE: DON'T apply unnecessary force to connector on inserting/separating connector.

NOTE: If housings insertion is tight or incapable, DON'T force to insert, check the direction of contact.

Tight(or incapable) insertion will cause a connector deformation, crack and/or disconnection.

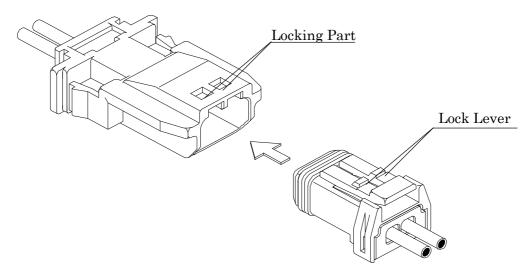


Fig.6-1 Connector insertion

6.2 Connector Separation Method

Hold a Socket Housing, and pull out the connector straightly;

1: Depressing the lock arm of socket housing.

2: Releasing the engagement lock.

NOTE: On separating the connector, DON'T pulling only wires and prying the connector.

No.

NOTE: In case of incapable of separation, DON'T force it to pull out.

Check the engagement lock is released.

NOTE: DON'T apply unnecessary force to connector on inserting/separating connector.

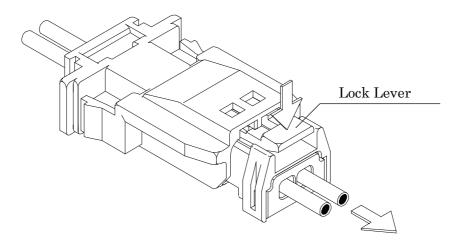
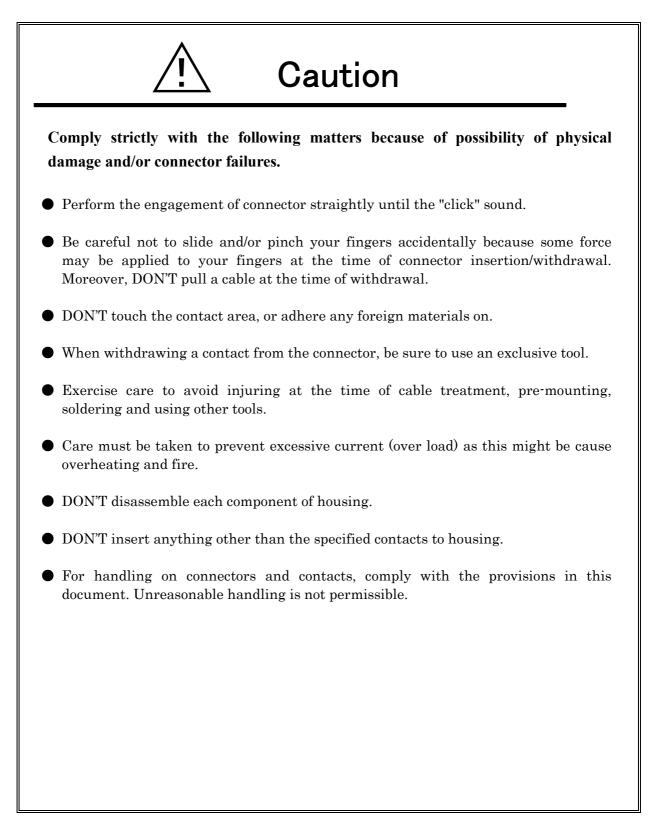


Fig.6-2 Connector separation

7. Cautionary Statements



No.

Mouser Electronics

Authorized Distributor

Click to View Pricing, Inventory, Delivery & Lifecycle Information:

JAE Electronics:

<u>MX19004S52</u> <u>MX19004S51</u> <u>MX19004P52</u> <u>MX19004P51</u> <u>MX19P10K451</u> <u>MX19S10K451</u> <u>MX19002P51</u> MX19002P52 MX19002S52 MX19002S51 MX19S10K451-C100 MX19P10K451-C100