

2 Pin Instruction

Pin	Function
Analog 0	Button (select, up, right, down and left)
Digital 4	DB4(the LCD)
Digital 5	DB5(the LCD)
Digital 6	DB6(the LCD)
Digital 7	DB7(the LCD)
Digital 8	RS
Digital 9	RW
Digital 10	Backlit Control

3. Example

Here is a example to test the button function of this module.

```
//Sample using LiquidCrystal library
#include

/*****

This program will test the LCD panel and the buttons
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*****/

// select the pins used on the LCD panel
LiquidCrystal lcd(8, 9, 4, 5, 6, 7);

// define some values used by the panel and buttons
int lcd_key    = 0;
int adc_key_in = 0;
#define btnRIGHT 0
#define btnUP    1
#define btnDOWN  2
#define btnLEFT  3
#define btnSELECT 4
#define btnNONE  5

// read the buttons
int read_LCD_buttons()
{
  adc_key_in = analogRead(0); // read the value from the sensor
  // my buttons when read are centered at these valies: 0, 144, 329, 504, 741
  // we add approx 50 to those values and check to see if we are close
  if (adc_key_in > 1000) return btnNONE; // We make this the 1st option for speed reasons
  since it will be the most likely result
  // For V1.1 us this threshold
```

```

if (adc_key_in < 50)    return btnRIGHT;
if (adc_key_in < 250)   return btnUP;
if (adc_key_in < 450)   return btnDOWN;
if (adc_key_in < 650)   return btnLEFT;
if (adc_key_in < 850)   return btnSELECT;

// For V1.0 comment the other threshold and use the one below:
/*
if (adc_key_in < 50)    return btnRIGHT;
if (adc_key_in < 195)   return btnUP;
if (adc_key_in < 380)   return btnDOWN;
if (adc_key_in < 555)   return btnLEFT;
if (adc_key_in < 790)   return btnSELECT;
*/

return btnNONE; // when all others fail, return this...
}

void setup()
{
  lcd.begin(16, 2);           // start the library
  lcd.setCursor(0,0);
  lcd.print("Push the buttons"); // print a simple message
}

void loop()
{
  lcd.setCursor(9,1);         // move cursor to second line "1" and 9 spaces over
  lcd.print(millis()/1000);    // display seconds elapsed since power-up

  lcd.setCursor(0,1);         // move to the begining of the second line
  lcd_key = read_LCD_buttons(); // read the buttons

  switch (lcd_key)            // depending on which button was pushed, we perform an ac
tion
  {
    case btnRIGHT:
    {
      lcd.print("RIGHT ");
      break;
    }
    case btnLEFT:
    {
      lcd.print("LEFT  ");
      break;
    }
    case btnUP:
    {
      lcd.print("UP    ");

```

```
        break;
    }
    case btnDOWN:
    {
        lcd.print("DOWN ");
        break;
    }
    case btnSELECT:
    {
        lcd.print("SELECT");
        break;
    }
    case btnNONE:
    {
        lcd.print("NONE ");
        break;
    }
}

}
```